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April 4, 1996

VIA HAND DELIVERY

Mr. William F. Caton Acting Secretary Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20554

> Re: **EX PARTE**

> > Docket CC No. 95-185

Dear Mr. Caton:

Yesterday Leonard Kennedy, Werner Hartenberger and I met, on behalf of Cox Enterprises, Inc. and Comcast Corporation, with James Casserly, Senior Legal Advisor to Commissioner Susan Ness to discuss the Commission's jurisdiction over LEC-to-CMRS interconnection. The positions discussed were those taken in the comments and reply comments filed by Cox Enterprises, Inc. and Comcast Corporation in this docket. The attached hand-out on the legislative history of the 1993 Budget Act was distributed at the meeting.

This letter is being filed in original with two duplicates pursuant to the Commission's rules. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Respectfully submitted,

Laura H. Phillips

Counsel for Cox Enterprises, Inc. Comcast Corporation

LHP/css

cc:

James Casserly, Esq.

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OMNIBUS BUDGET RECONCILIATION ACT OF 1993

AUGUST 4, 1993.-Ordered to be printed

Mr. SABO, from the committee of conference, submitted the following

CONFERENCE REPORT

(Te accompany H.R. 2264)

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the Senate to the bill (H.R. 2264) to provide for reconciliation pursuant to section 7 of the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 1994, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the Senate and agree to the same with an amendment as

follows:

In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted by the Senate amendment, insert the following:

SECTION I. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993".

SEC. 1. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

The table of contents is as follows:

nic drives, overlook sites, picnic tables, toilet facilities, surface water areas, undeveloped or lightly developed shoreland or general visitor information.

"(3) PER VEHICLE LIMIT - The fee under this subsection for use of a site or facility (other than an overnight camping site or facility or any other site or facility at which a fee is charged for use of the site or facility as of the date of the enactment of this paragraph) for persons entering the site or facility by private, noncommercial vehicle transporting not more than 8 persons (including the driver) shall not exceed \$3 per day per echicle. Such maximum amount may be adjusted annually by the Secretary for changes in the Consumer Price Index of All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor

"(4) DEPOSIT INTO THEASURY ACCOUNT All fees collected under this subsection shall be deposited into the Treasury account for the Corps of Engineers established by section 4(1) of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 U.S.C.)

4601-6a(i)).".

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT FOR CAMPSITES -- Section 4(b) of the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act of 1965 (16 USC 4601-6a(b)) is amended by striking the next to the last sentence

TITLE VI—COMMUNICATIONS LICENS-ING AND SPECTRUM ALLOCATION IM-PROVEMENT

SEC. 6001. TRANSFER OF AUCTIONABLE FREQUENCIES

(a) AMENDMENT.—The National Telecommunications and Information Administration Organization Act (47 U.S.C. 901 et seq et amended—

(1) by striking the heading of part B and inscring the following:

"PART C—SPECIAL AND TEMPORARY PROVISIONS",

(2) by redesignating sections 131 through 135 as sections 151 through 155, respectively; and

(3) by inserting after part A the following new part

"PART B—TRANSFER OF AUCTIONABLE FREQUENCIES.

"SEC. III. DEFINITIONS.

"As used in this part:

"(1) The term 'allocation' means an entry in the National Table of Frequency Allocations of a given frequency band for the purpose of its use by one or more radiocommunication services.

"(2) The term 'assignment' means an authorization given to a station licensee to use specific frequencies or channels

111

Senate amendment

Section 322(c)(8) as added by the Senate Amendment contains similar definitions of the terms "commercial mobile service" and "private land mobile service". The differences in the Senate definition of "commercial mobile service" are: (1) that "offered on an indiscriminate basis" is not one of the tests for determining a "commercial mehile service" in the Senate Amendment: (2) the Senate deficition expressly recognizes the Commission's authority to define the terms used in defining "commercial mebile service"; and (3) the Senate definition requires that "interconnected service" must be made evailable to the public, as appeared to the House definition which simply requires the service effect to the public to be "interconnected. In other words, under the House definition, only one senect of the service needs to be interespected, whereas under the Senate language, the interconnected service must be breadly available. The Senate Amendment defines "interconnected service" as a service that is interconnected with the public switched network or service for which an interconnection request is pending. The definition of "arivate land mahille service" in the San virtually identical to the definition of "private mebile service" in the House bill.

Conference report

The Conference Report adopts the Senate definitions with minor changes. The Conference Report deletes the word "broad" before "cleanes of users" in order to ensure that the definition of "commercial mabile pervices" encompasses all providers who offer their services to broad or narrow classes of users so as to be effectively available to a substantial portion of the public.

Purther, the definition of "private mebile service" is amended to make clear that the term includes neither a commercial mobile service nor the functional equivalent of a commercial mobile serv-

ice, as specified by regulation by the Commission.

The Commission may determine, for instances, that a mobile service offered to the public and interconnected with the public switched actuark is not the functional equivalent of a commercial mehile service if it is provided over a system that, either individually or as part of a network of systems or licensees, does not empley frequency or channel rouse or its equivalent (or any other techniques for augmenting the number of channels of communication made available for such mobile service) and does not make service available throughout a standard metropolitan statistical area or other similar wide geographic area.

SECTION (B)

House bill

Subsection (B) of the House bill adds a conforming amendment to the definition in Section 3(n) of the Communications Act of "mobile service" to clarify that the term includes all items previously defined as "private land mobile service" and includes the licenses to be issued by the Commission pursuant to the proceedings for personal communications services.

Senate amendment

The Senate Amendment makes almost the identical changes to the definition of "mobile service" in Section 3(n) of the Communica tions Act except that the Senate Amendment clarifies that the term does not include rural radio service or the provision by a local exchange carrier of telephone exchange service by radio instead of by

Conference ogreement

The Conference Agreement adopts the House definition

SUBSECTION (b)(2)

House bill

Section (b)(2) of the House bill makes additional conforming amendments to clarify headings and spacing.

Senate amendment

The Senate Amendment does not contain the provisions con tained in the House bill. The Senate Amendment contains a tech nical amendment to Section 2(b) of the Communications Act to clar ify that the Commission has the authority to regulate commercial mobile services.

Conference agreement

The Conference Agreement adopts the Senate position

SUBSECTION (C)

House bill

Section 5206 of the House bill established effective dates and deadlines for Commission action. Under the House bill, the amend ments made by the above chapter are effective upon the date of enactment, except that the amendments made by section 5205 on rec ulatory parity take effect one year after enactment, and that her sons that provide private land mobile services shall continue to be treated as a provider of private land mobile service until 3 years after enactment. The House bill directs the FCC to prescribe rule. to implement competitive bidding within 210 days of enactment The House bill directs the Commission to, within 180 days after en actment, issue a final report and order in two proceedings regard ing personal communications services and begin issuing licenses within 270 days after enactment. Finally, the House bill directs the Commission, within 1 year after enactment, to after its rules regarding private land mobile services to provide for an orderly tran sition of these services to regulation as common carrier services

Senate amendment

Under the Senate Amendment, all provisions regarding regul latory parity take effect one year after enactment, except (1) the provisions in 332(c)(1)(A) regarding the treatment of commercial mobile services as common carrier services take effect upon enact ment; and (2) any person that provides private land mobile services before such date of enactment shall continue to be treated as a pro-